Chapter, Page, Section	Current ACOP Language	Proposed ACOP Language
Pg. 12, 7.2	Childcare payments – You must provide proof of payments made by you to any childcare provider (an individual or company) for care of any minor child under the age of 14 in your household or who is disabled and cannot be left unattended. Any statement from the provider must be notarized.	Childcare payments – You must provide proof of payments made by you to any childcare provider (an individual or company) for care of any minor child under the age of 13 in your household or who is disabled and cannot be left unattended. Any statement from the provider must be notarized
Pg. 77, 22.2	None	<ul> <li>22.2 Elevated Blood Lead Level (EBLL) Policy</li> <li>If the HACP is notified that a child of less the 6 years of age, living in a public housing unit has been identified as having an Elevated Blood Lead Level (EBLL), the HACP will follow all required steps in accordance with PIH Notice 2017-13 to include:</li> <li>1. Verification of the case, when necessary: If the HACP learns that a child has an EBLL from someone other than a medical health care provider, such as from a parent, the HACP must immediately verify the</li> </ul>

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<ul> <li>report with the health department or medical health care provider.</li> <li>2. Initial notification of a confirmed case to HUD: The HACP must notify the Field Office and HUD's Office of Lead Hazard Control (OLHCHH) of the EBLL case within 5 business days.</li> <li>3. Initial notification of a confirmed</li> </ul>
case to public health department, when necessary: The HACP must notify the public health department of the EBLL case within 5 business days, when the notification of the case originates from another medical health care professional.
<ul> <li>Environmental Investigation: The HACP must conduct an environmental investigation of the child's unit and the common areas servicing that unit within 15 calendar days. If lead-based paint hazards are found in the index unit in a multiunit property, risk assessments in other covered units with a child under age 6 and the common areas servicing those units must be performed.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>5. Control: The HACP must ensure that any lead-based paint hazards identified by the environmental investigation are controlled within 30 calendar days by a certified</li> </ul>

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<ul> <li>lead-based paint abatement firm or certified lead renovation firm, including having the unit and common areas servicing those units identified lead-based paint hazards, control those lead-based paint hazards.</li> <li>6. Notification to the other residents: The HACP must notify all residents of lead evaluation and hazard control activities in a multiunit property.</li> <li>7. Follow-up notification: The HACP must notify the HUD Field Office of the results of the environmental investigation and then of the lead hazard control work within 10 business days of each activity.</li> <li>8. Ongoing maintenance and reevaluation: After the work passes clearance, the HACP must ensure that the unit and common areas are maintained as lead-safe for continued occupancy, which includes no deteriorated paint or failed lead hazard control methods. The HACP must also generally conduct periodic reevaluations every two years, using a certified lead risk assessor, and respond to them per PIH Notice 2017-13.</li> </ul>
The HACP will also monitor potential lead-

based paint hazards and interim control measures through performing annual and turnover visual assessments during regular housekeeping inspections.
EBLL Reporting and Record Keeping
At least quarterly, the HACP is required to exchange address data and any known EBLLs with the health department. The HACP will attempt to work with the Allegheny County Public Health Department or the Pennsylvania Department of Health on a data-sharing agreement.